

Simulation Synthesis Evaluation





Augment Enhance

Curious Dances: Operationalizing aspects of creativity

Mary Lou Maher Software and Information Systems UNC Charlotte August 2012

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Insights from Computational Creativity

- Simulation: computational models that simulate creative behavior
 - Computational interpretations of dance performances
 - Computational simulation of social creativity
- Synthesis: computational models that synthesize creative performances/products/artifacts/behavior
 - Curious characters learning creative behaviors
 - Co-evolutionary design
- Evaluation: computational models that recognize and evaluate creative outputs/products/artifacts
 - AI models of novelty, value, and surprise

Insights from Interaction Design

Augment individual creativity: systems that affect cognition

- perceptual interfaces that include large body movements or immersion in 2D or 3D spaces
- intelligent feedback based on individual actions and performance
- Enable large scale creativity: systems that encourage large numbers of people to participate and interact
 - collective intelligence
 - crowdsourcing

+ Abstracting Dance

[Latulipe and Wilson]

Generating realtime visualizations by tracking dancers' positions and sounds using an overhead camera. Dancers responded to visualization as part of the performance.





Audience engagement is tracked using galvanic skin response. Lines show individual and aggregate responses, as well as choreographer's chunks across time. Dancers are aware of this abstract view of the audience response and adjust their performance

+Simulations of Social Creativity

[Saunders and Gero]



- Design agents send own "artworks" they find interesting based on own experience to other agents.
- Other design agents find other's artwork interesting based on their own experience they send back expression of interest.
- Design agents have to innovate in ways that other design agents can appreciate.
- Emergent Behavior: Design agents that develop the same interests in the space of possibilities form "schools".

Models of Curiosity to Motivate Learning







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Co-evolution of Designs







Based on research in psychology, philosophy, and artificial intelligence, a creative design has three essential characteristics: novelty, value, and surprise.

+ AI to evaluate creativity





Novelty: Novelty is a measure of how different the design is from existing designs in its class.

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Value: Value is a measure of how the design compares to other designs in its class in utility, performance, or appeal.

Surprise: Surprise has to do with the recent past and how we develop expectations for the next design.

Conceptual clustering algorithms operate on the state space representation to evaluate degree of "Similar but Different"

Interaction Design: How does perception effect cognition?

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+ Comparing GUI and Tangibles

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| | TUI session | GUI session |
|------------------|--|---------------------|
| Interface | 3D blocks | Mouse and keyboard |
| Hardware | Tabletop system and webcam | Desktop |
| Display space | Vertical LCD screen + horizontal table | Vertical LCD screen |
| Work space | Horizontal table | Vertical LCD screen |
| Application | ARToolKit | ArchiCAD |
| Training session | 5-10 mins | 5-10 mins |
| Design session | 20 mins | 20 mins |
| Participants | 3 pairs of architectural design students | |
| Design Tasks | Home office or Design office renovation | |

+ Interaction and Diversity: Why Crowdsource?



"No matter who you are, most of the smartest people work for someone else"

Bill Joy, co-founder of Sun Microsystems

"Diversity Trumps Ability"

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Page, S. 2007. Making the Difference: Applying a Logic of Diversity, Academy of Management Perspectives, 21(4): 6-20.

"On the Internet, nobody knows you're a dog." New Yorker cartoon by Peter Steiner.



- Diverse individuals bring different perspectives and heuristics to problem solving
- Work can be structured to avoid the negative aspects of diversity, such as disruptive conflict, miscommunication, and interpersonal biases
- Diversity can result in better solutions than those produced by a group of likeminded individuals.

+ Insights from operationalizing creativity

- Computational Creativity
 - Increase understanding of human creativity
 - A new kind of creativity that is not modeled on human cognition
 - New languages and formalisms for talking about creativity
- Interaction Design
 - Changes perception, action, and cognition
 - Diversity through crowdsourcing and collective intelligence







"On the Internet, nobody knows you're a dog."

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